

TANGKOKO CONSERVATION EDUCATION

Tangkoko Conservation Education is an education program started in January 2011 to preserve the Sulawesi flora and fauna, particulary those in Tangkoko-Duasudara-Batuangus forest.





HUTAN TANGKOKO-DUASUDARA

Tangkoko-Duasudara Nature Reserve consists of 8867 hectares of primary and lowland secondary rainforest, and most of the area is surrounded by several villages:

Batu Putih, Duasudara, Pinangunian, Kawasari, Winenet.



THE ANIMALS

Many of the endemic animals of Sulawesi resides in Tangkoko Nature Reserve, such as tarsier (Tarsius tarsier), black crested macaque (Macaca nigra), maleo



(Macrocephalon maleo), red knobbed hornbill (Aceros cassidix), bear cuscus (Ailurops ursinus).

The area hosts the biggest population of black crested macague, around 2000 macagues.



MACACA IN SULAWESI

Seven endemic species of macaques reside in Sulawesi.

Black crested macaque (Macaca nigra) lives in the nothern part of Sulawesi, and is listed in the IUCN's Red List as "critically endangered".

LEARN ABOUT SULAWESI ANIMALS AND PRESERVE TANGKOKO-DUASUDARA FOREST

THREATS

The animals in Tangkoko-Duasudara forest are facing threats such as: illegal logging, hunting, fire, pollution and land clearing for plantation in conservation areas.



LET'S ACT FOR NATURE

Do not feed or touch the wildlife.



Do not litter!



Do not eat the wildlife.



Do not cut down trees in the forest.





Do not keep the wildlife.



















