Project Update: March 2018

In the course of the winter season, foraying for fungi was not brought to a standstill but instead it continued in Kosovo lowlands where there is little or no snow and outdoor temperatures are mild; hence, there are favourable conditions for some of the winter species to emerge. The field research was primarily conducted in a range of oak forests and in habitats with riparian vegetation, which yielded 380 specimens overall. The results have been incorporated in the online fungi database Fungi of Kosovo, which is regularly updated, and exsiccates of the new records have been deposited at the National Collection of Fungi. In view of the fact that springtime fungi collection is pending, a revised species list will be supplied in the upcoming months. Comprehensive documentation related to the project is available on http://macfungi.webs.com/fungi-of-kosovo.



Trametes ochracea on stump of white willow (Salix alba).

Dendrocorticium polygonioides on a dry branch of oak.



Exidia glandulosa on a dry branch of white willow.

Dendrothele acerina, a typical corticioid fungus on bark of living hedge maple.