

#### INNOCEANA PROJECT

# 

#### **INVERTEBRATES MONITORING AND LOCATION**



## Sclass plan

## WHAT ARE INVERTEBRATES

## APPLICATION IN COSTA RICA

## PERSPECTIVES

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## WHAT ARE INVERTEBRATES?

- Any animal without vertebral column
- Range from microscopic flies to giant squids (10m)
- A lot less studied than vertebrates
- Include all the animal phyla except for the Chordates

## **Evolutionary Time**



## **SPONGES**

Primitive filter feeders multicellular animals without defined tissues or digestive/circulatory/nervous system.



## CNIDARIANS

Corals, Zoanthids, Anemones, Jellyfishes, Hydrozoans. Radial symmetry and gastrovascular cavity.



## FLATWORMS

Parasitic or symbiotic animals. Most are highly adaptable to any changes in the environment.



## **RIBBON WORMS**

Voracious predators, capable of regeneration if a part of the body is lost. Can reach up to 50 m long.



## MOLLUSCS

Over 100.000 species (snails, bivalves, squids,..). Distinguished by Mantle, Radula and Nervous System.



## **SEGMENTED WORMS**

Each segment has a set of organs and a pair of parapodia. Enable Oxygen to penetrate the sea floor.

![](_page_7_Picture_5.jpeg)

## ARTHROPODS

Crustaceans and Insects. 1.200.000 species described (mostly insects). Chitin exoskeleton (derived from Glc).

![](_page_8_Picture_2.jpeg)

## **ECHINODERMS**

Starfishes, Sea urchins, Sea Cucumbers. Calcium carbonate endoskeleton +water vascular system.

![](_page_8_Picture_5.jpeg)

## WHY SO IMPORTANT?

- More than 97% of all animals are invertebrates
- They are at the base of most food webs
- Very important indicators of the environment's health.
- Very important for medicinal uses

![](_page_9_Picture_5.jpeg)

![](_page_9_Picture_6.jpeg)

"If we and the rest of the back-boned animals were to disappear overnight, the rest of the world would get on pretty well. But if the invertebrates were to disappear, the world's ecosystems would collapse"

DAVID ATTENBOROUGH

![](_page_11_Picture_0.jpeg)

## A COLLABORATIVE BOOK Describing all the species observed, their importance and location.

## AN ONLINE DATABASE Recording every observation of invertebrates made, with picture, location and observer informations.

A SHELL EXHIBITION Presenting the diverse collection of shell animals and their identification.

## WHAT IS INMOLO?

#### Collaborative book

Shell Exhibition Online Database

#### **SCIENCE DATA – BASELINE**

Open source

## The INMOLO concept

#### **COLLABORATION** -

**AWARENESS & EDUCATION** 

Engagement

Training

Expositions

#### **BOOK** – RECOGNITION

Educative and brings recognition to participants

#### Media Publications

#### **SCIENCE DATA – BASELINE**

Open source

## The INMOLO concept

#### **COLLABORATION** -

**AWARENESS & EDUCATION** 

Engagement

Training

Expositions

![](_page_14_Picture_8.jpeg)

Educative and brings recognition to participants

![](_page_14_Picture_10.jpeg)

Media Publications

## WHY INMOLO?

![](_page_15_Picture_1.jpeg)

#### COLLABORATION

Building a collaborative relationship and common goal between local guides, tourists and rangers. Raise awareness on conservation issues and threats faced by invertebrates populations. Inform on their essential role.

#### BASELINE STUDY

A baseline study and essential information about invertebrate species and abundance. Without knowing what we have, we cannot know what to conserve.

A nice demonstration of the hidden beauties of the underwater world, for tourists and locals visiting.

## AWARENESS

![](_page_15_Picture_9.jpeg)

#### EXHIBITION

Spurilla neapolitana

## Elysia diomedea

![](_page_17_Picture_0.jpeg)

## Caño Island, Costa Rica

![](_page_18_Picture_1.jpeg)

## Caño Island, Costa Rica

Biological Reserve Hotspot of biodiversity Highest variety of hard corals and a strate down

![](_page_19_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_19_Picture_3.jpeg)

- Walking
- Snorkeling
- Diving

![](_page_20_Picture_3.jpeg)

В

Isla del Cano

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![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

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![](_page_21_Picture_2.jpeg)

## **INMOLO on Caño Island**

Invertebrates Monitoring and Localization on Caño Island.

The name and photo associated with your Google account will be recorded when you upload files and submit this form. Not innoceana@gmail.com? Switch account

\* Required

Email address \*

Your email

What's your name?

Your answer

When was your observation?

Date

jj/mm/aaaa

At what time did you observe ?
Time
AM 📼
How was the weather ?
Good
Bad
How did you observe ?
O Walking
O Snorkeling
Diving

![](_page_23_Picture_1.jpeg)

What did you observe ? (Scientific name if possible, commo	וכ
unidentified) *	

Your answer

How many individuals did you see ?

Your answer

What was it on ?

![](_page_24_Picture_5.jpeg)

O Rock

Algae

O Coral

Do you have any comment about the observation?

![](_page_24_Figure_10.jpeg)

Cycloseris curvata

## New Reports

![](_page_26_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Picture_0.jpeg)

## Palythoa tuberculosa

![](_page_28_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Picture_1.jpeg)

**Endangered** species

![](_page_29_Picture_1.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Picture_0.jpeg)

## **PERSPECTIVES:**

## INMOLO

Tenerife, California, Thailand, ...

## **BEYOND INMOLO**

Blennies, Seahorses, Tunicates, ...

## **PELAGIC INMOLO**

#### Pelagic invertebrates ...

![](_page_32_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Picture_0.jpeg)

# *"Is boneless chicken considered to be an invertebrate ?"*

#### **STEVEN WRIGHT**

![](_page_34_Picture_2.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_0.jpeg)

# Thank you for your attention!

#### NOW TIME FOR THE QUIZZZZZ

![](_page_36_Picture_3.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Picture_4.jpeg)