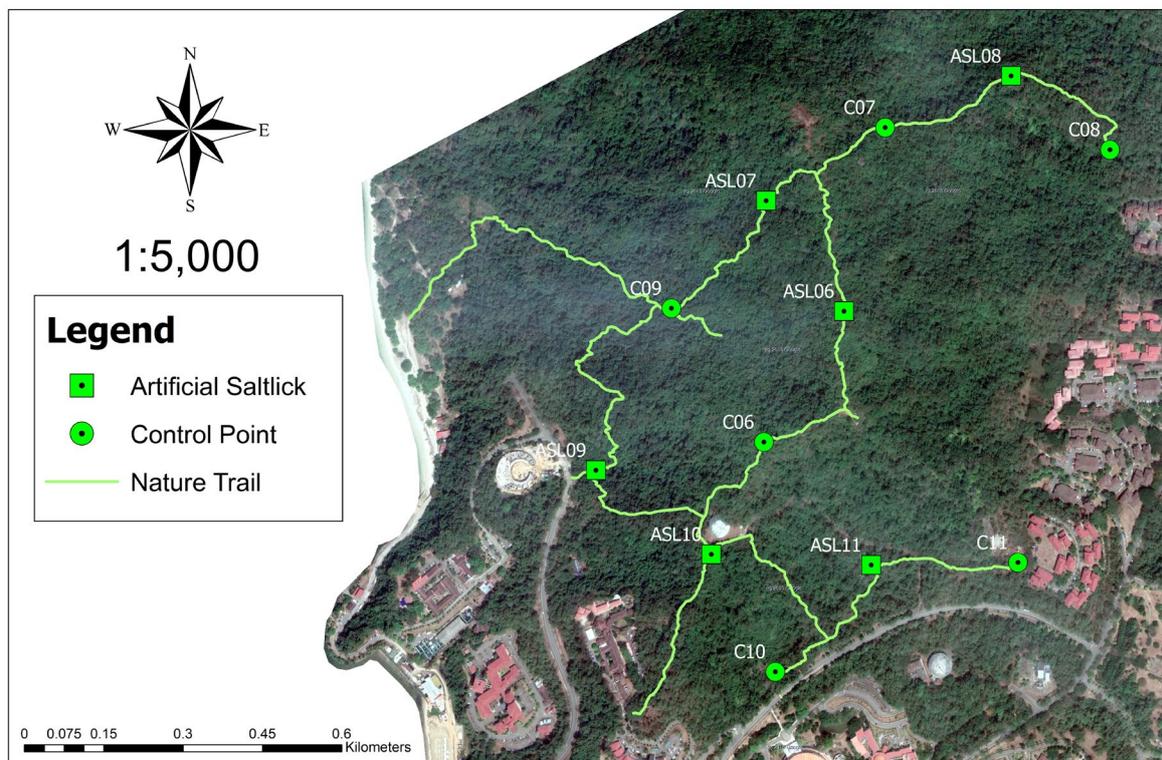


Project Update: March 2023

The camera trapping survey was conducted at the urban forest of Universiti Malaysia Sabah, running from 22 November 2022 to 16 March 2023. This survey was conducted at 12 different sampling points that were established along the trails at this forest area (**See Picture 1**). To date, a total of seven different medium-sized mammal species were detected at the 12 established sampling points and along the nature trails examined in this research. The recorded species included the long-tailed macaque (*Macaca fascicularis*), leopard cat (*Prionailurus bengalensis*), red giant flying squirrel (*Petaurista petaurista*), Sunda pangolin (*Manis javanica*), small-toothed palm civet (*Arctogalidia trivirgata*), mousedeer (*Tragulus* spp.), and common palm civet (*Paradoxurus hermaphroditus*). The pictures of each mammal species captured by the deployed camera traps are attached in this quarter report, alongside with their respective scientific names, common names (English and Malay versions of the local names at Sabah), and IUCN Red List Statuses.



Picture 1. This map shows the 12 sampling points (6 control points & 6 artificial saltlicks) that are established systematically along the accessible nature trails presented at the urban forest of Universiti Malaysia Sabah. This locality map is created by myself using ArcMap ver. 10.4, and then the base map is actually a satellite image generated by the Google Earth Pro ver. 7.3.6.9345, which can be downloaded by using the software Terra Incognita ver. 2.45.



Long-tailed Macaque/**Kera** (EN)
(*Macaca fascicularis*)



Sunda Pangolin/**Tenggiling** (CR)
(*Manis javanica*)



Leopard Cat/**Kucing Batu** (LC)
(*Prionailurus bengalensis*)



Mousedeer/**Pelanduk** (LC)
(*Tragulus spp.*)



Common Palm Civet/**Musang Pulut** (LC)
(*Paradoxurus hermaphroditus*)



Small-toothed Palm Civet/
Musang Akar (LC)
(*Arctogalidia trivirgata*)



Red Giant Flying Squirrel/
Kubong Merah (LC)
(*Petaurista petaurista*)